

Republic Day Speech

Republic Day Speech 1

Good morning everyone, the Honourable Chief Guest, the Students, and My Beloved Teachers.

I feel elated to welcome all of you here, on this auspicious occasion, and thank the teachers for granting me this opportunity to speak. Today, we are gathered here to commemorate one of the most important days in the history of our great nation – The Republic day.

India first celebrated the Republic Day on 26th of January, 1950. The constitution written by Dr B. R. Ambedkar came into official use. The first president of our country, Dr Rajendra Prasad, unfurled the tricolour amidst thousands of jubilant spectators, at the Rajpath in New Delhi.

Since then, India has been celebrating the Republic Day with much aplomb on the Rajpath, and the flag is unfurled by the President of the country. Along with the flag hoisting ceremony, the Grand Republic Day Parade also takes place, where colourful floats with the rich cultural heritage of all the 29 states adorn the Rajpath.

However, the main attraction is the display of the Indian Military's competence. This truly makes my heart swell with pride!

One event that always heavies my heart, while also filling it with admiration and inspiration, is the medal ceremony. Bravery medals such as the Param Vir Chakra, Vir Chakra and the Maha Vir Chakra are awarded to valiant soldiers who laid down their lives for our safety.

The bravery of children is also noted and encouraged, with National Bravery Awards for the highest degree of courage and selfless sacrifice.

On this day, let us also take a moment to acknowledge the sacrifices and suffering of our freedom fighters, due to whom, we are here today. Here is my salute to those brave-hearts!

Finally, I would once again like to thank you for giving me the opportunity to speak about my beloved country and also the audience for patiently listening to me.

Jai Hind! Jai Bharat!

Republic Day Speech 2

Good morning to my respected Principal Madam, my respected Sir and Madam and my all colleagues. I would like to say thank you to give me such a great opportunity to speak something on our Republic Day. My name is..... I read in class.....

Today, we all are here to celebrate 69th Republic Day of our nation. This is a great and auspicious occasion for all of us. We should greet each other and pray to God for the development and prosperity of our nation. We celebrate Republic Day in India every year on 26th of January as the constitution of India came into force at this day. We are regularly celebrating the Republic Day of India since 1950 as on 26th of January in 1950 India constitution came into force.

India is a democratic country where public is authorized to elect its leaders to lead the country. Dr. Rajendra Prasad was our first President of India. Since we got independence from the British rule in 1947, our country has developed a lot and counted among the powerful countries. Together with some developments, some drawbacks have also arisen such inequality, poverty, unemployment, corruption, illiteracy, etc. We need to take a pledge today for solving such problems in the society to make our country a best country of the world.

Thanks, Jai Hind!

Republic Day Speech 3

I would like to say good morning to My Respected Principal, Sir, Madam and my dear colleagues. As we all know that we get together here to celebrate 69th Republic Day of our nation. This is very auspicious occasion for all of us. Since 1950, we are celebrating Republic Day every year with lots of joy and happiness. Before starting the celebration, our chief guest of the Republic Day hoists the national flag of India. Then we all stand up and sing our Indian national anthem which is a symbol unity and peace in India. Our National Anthem is written by the great poet Rabindranath Tagore.

Our national flag has three colors and a wheel in the center with 24 equal sticks. All the three colors of our Indian National Flag have some meaning. Top saffron colour of our flag denotes the strength and courage of our country. The middle white colour indicates peace however lower green colour indicates the growth and prosperity. There is a navy blue wheel in the center having 24 equal spokes indicating Dharma Chakra of the great king Ashoka.

We celebrate republic day on 26 January as the Indian constitution came into force at this day in 1950. At republic day celebration, a big arrangement takes place by the government of India in New Delhi at Rajpath in front of the India Gate. Every year, a chief guest (prime minister of other country) is invited to fulfill the purpose of saying "Atithi Devo Bhava" as well as enhance the glory of the occasion. Indian army do republic day parade and take salute of the National Flag. There is also a big exhibition of the Indian culture and tradition

takes place by the different Indian states to show the Unity in Diversity in India.

Jai Hind, Jai Bharat